BusyBox v1.21.1

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BOA v0.94.14

This is Boa, a high performance web server for Unix-alike computers, covered by the Gnu General Public License. This is version 0.94, released January 2000. It is well tested and appears to be of at least "gamma" quality.

Boa was created in 1991 by Paul Phillips <paulp@go2net.com>. It is now being maintained and enhanced by Larry Doolittle <ldoolitt@boa.org> and Jon Nelson <jnelson@boa.org>.

For more information (including installation instructions) examine the file docs/boa.txt or docs/boa.dvi, point your web browser to docs/boa.html, or visit the Boa homepage at

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Glibc 2.6.1.1

his directory contains the version 2.6.1 release of the GNU C Library.

The GNU C Library is the standard system C library for all GNU systems, and is an important part of what makes up a GNU system. It provides the system API for all programs written in C and C-compatible languages such as C++ and Objective C; the runtime facilities of other programming languages use the C library to access the underlying operating system.

In GNU/Linux systems, the C library works with the Linux kernel to implement the operating system behavior seen by user applications. In GNU/Hurd systems, it works with a microkernel and Hurd servers.

The GNU C Library implements much of the POSIX.1 functionality in the GNU/Hurd system, using configurations i[34567]86-*-gnu.

When working with Linux kernels, the GNU C Library version 2.4 is intended primarily for use with Linux kernel version 2.6.0 and later. We only support using the NPTL implementation of pthreads, which is now the default configuration. Most of the C library will continue to work on older Linux kernels and many programs will not require a 2.6 kernel to run correctly. However, pthreads and related functionality will not work at all on old kernels and we do not recommend using glibc 2.4 with any Linux kernel prior to 2.6.

All Linux kernel versions prior to 2.6.16 are known to have some bugs that may cause some of the tests related to pthreads in "make check" to fail. If you see such problems, please try the test suite on the most recent Linux kernel version that you can use, before pursuing those bugs further.

The old LinuxThreads add-on implementation of pthreads for older Linux kernels is no longer supported, and we are not distributing it with this release. Someone has volunteered to revive its maintenance unofficially for at least a short time for the benefit of those using Linux kernels older than 2.6, but a working version is not presently available. When it is in working condition, we will make it available alongside future glibc releases. LinuxThreads will not be supported.

The GNU C Library supports these configurations for using Linux kernels:

i[34567]86-*-linux-gnu
x86_64-*-linux-gnu
powerpc-*-linux-gnu
powerpc64-*-linux-gnu
s390-*-linux-gnu
s390x-*-linux-gnu
ia64-*-linux-gnu
sparc*-*-linux-gnu
sparc64*-*-linux-gnu
sparc64*-*-linux-gnu
alpha*-*-linux-gnu
Requires Linux 2.6.9 for NPTL
sh[34]-*-linux-gnu Requires Linux 2.6.11

The code for other CPU configurations supported by volunteers outside of the core glibc maintenance effort is contained in the separate `ports' add-on. You can find glibc-ports-2.6.1 distributed separately in the same place where you got the main glibc distribution files.

Currently these configurations are known to work using the `ports' add-on:

arm-*-linux-gnu Requires Linux 2.6.15 for NPTL, no SMP support arm-*-linux-gnueabi Requires Linux 2.6.16-rc1 for NPTL, no SMP mips-*-linux-gnu Requires Linux 2.6.12 for NPTL mips64-*-linux-gnu Requires Linux 2.6.12 for NPTL

The ports distribution also contains code for other configurations that do not work or have not been maintained recently, but will be of use to anyone trying to make a new configuration work. If you are interested in doing a port, please contact the glibc maintainers; see http://www.gnu.org/software/libc/ for more information.

See the file INSTALL to find out how to configure, build, and install the GNU C Library. You might also consider reading the WWW pages for the C library at http://www.gnu.org/software/libc/.

The GNU C Library is (almost) completely documented by the Texinfo manual found in the `manual/' subdirectory. The manual is still being updated and contains some known errors and omissions; we regret that we do not have the resources to work on the manual as much as we would like. For corrections to the manual, please file a bug in the `manual' component, following the bug-reporting instructions below. Please be sure to check the manual in the current development sources to see if your problem has already been corrected.

The file NOTES contains a description of the feature-test macros used in the GNU C library, explaining how you can tell the library what facilities you want it to make available.

Please see http://www.gnu.org/software/libc/bugs.html for bug reporting information. We are now using the Bugzilla system to track all bug reports. This web page gives detailed information on how to report bugs properly.

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Libssh 1.0.2

Th	ne .	SSH	library
~~~	~~	~~~	
1*	Wh	у?	
			<del>-</del> _

Why not ? :) I've began to work on my own implementation of the ssh protocol because i didn't like the currently public ones.

Not any allowed you to import and use the functions as a powerful library, and so i worked on a library-based SSH implementation which was non-existing in the free and open source software world.

# 2* How/Who ?

If you downloaded this file, you must know what it is : a library for accessing ssh client services through C libraries calls in a simple manner. Everybody can use this software under the terms of the LGPL - see the COPYING file

If you ask yourself how to compile libssh, please read INSTALL before anything.

3* Where ?

http://www.libssh.org

4* Contributing _______

Please read the file 'SubmittingPatches' next to this README file. It explains our copyright policy and how you should send patches for upstream inclusion.

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Linking with OpenSSL

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#### Cmoka 1.1.1

cmocka is a fork for Google's cmockery unit testing framework to fix bugs and support it in future.

See https://code.google.com/p/cmockery/

For information about how to use the cmocka unit testing framework see doc/index.html.

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*/
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### sqlite3 3.8.3 2014-02-03

SQLite is an in-process library that implements a self-contained, serverless, zero-configuration, transactional SQL database engine. The code for SQLite is in the public domain and is thus free for use for any purpose, commercial or private.

SQLite is the most widely deployed database in the world with more applications than  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

we can count, including several high-profile projects.

* being used are not cryptographic related :-).

SQLite is an embedded SQL database engine. Unlike most other SQL databases, SQLite does not have a separate server process. SQLite reads and writes directly to

ordinary disk files. A complete SQL database with multiple tables, indices, triggers,

and views, is contained in a single disk file. The database file format is cross-platform

you can freely copy a database between 32-bit and 64-bit systems or between big-endian and

little-endian architectures. These features make SQLite a popular choice as an Application File Format. SQLite database files are a recommended storage format by the US Library of Congress. Think of SQLite not as a replacement for Oracle but as a replacement for fopen()

```
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```
SQLite Is Public Domain
```

Public Domain

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All code authors, and representatives of the companies they work for, have signed affidavits dedicating  ${}^{\prime}$ 

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a firesafe at the main offices of Hwaci. Anyone is free to copy, modify, publish, use, compile,

sell, or distribute the original SQLite code, either in source code form or as a compiled binary,

for any purpose, commercial or non-commercial, and by any means.

The previous paragraph applies to the deliverable code and documentation in

SQLite is in the

SQLite - those parts

of the SQLite library that you actually bundle and ship with a larger application. Some scripts

used as part of the build process (for example the "configure" scripts generated by autoconf)

might fall under other open-source licenses. Nothing from these build scripts ever reaches the

final deliverable SQLite library, however, and so the licenses associated with those scripts

should not be a factor in assessing your rights to copy and use the SQLite library.

All of the deliverable code in SQLite has been written from scratch. No code has been taken

from other projects or from the open internet. Every line of code can be traced back to its

original author, and all of those authors have public domain dedications on file. So the SQLite

code base is clean and is uncontaminated with licensed code from other projects. ______

### xmlsec1 1.2.31 (openss1)

XML Security Library is a C library based on LibXML2. The library supports major XML security standards:

- XML Signature
- XML Encryption
- Canonical XML (part of the LibXML2)
- Exclusive Canonical XML (part of the LibXML2)

XML Security Library is released under the MIT Licence see the Copyright file in the distribution for details.

xmlsec, xmlsec-openssl, xmlsec-gnutls, xmlsec-gcrypt libraries

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* Cordys R&D BV

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* Cryptocom LTD

http://www.aleksey.com/pipermail/xmlsec/2006/007410.html

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### curl 7.50.1

curl is used in command lines or scripts to transfer data. curl is also used in cars, television sets, routers, printers, audio equipment, mobile phones, tablets, settop boxes, media players and is the Internet transfer engine for thousands of software applications in over ten billion installations.

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### libconfig-1.4.10

Libconfig is a simple library for processing structured configuration files, like this one. This file format is more compact and more readable than XML. And unlike XML, it is type-aware, so it is not necessary to do string parsing in application code.

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### liblzma-5.2.5

XZ Utils provide a general-purpose data-compression library plus

command-line tools. The native file format is the .xz format, but also the legacy .lzma format is supported. The .xz format supports multiple compression algorithms, which are called "filters" in the context of XZ Utils. The primary filter is currently LZMA2. With typical files, XZ Utils create about 30 % smaller files than gzip.

______

# XZ Utils Licensing

Different licenses apply to different files in this package. Here is a rough summary of which licenses apply to which parts of this package (but check the individual files to be sure!):

- liblzma is in the public domain.
- xz, xzdec, and lzmadec command line tools are in the public domain unless GNU getopt_long had to be compiled and linked in from the lib directory. The getopt_long code is under GNU LGPLv2.1+.
- The scripts to grep, diff, and view compressed files have been adapted from gzip. These scripts and their documentation are under GNU GPLv2+.
- All the documentation in the doc directory and most of the XZ Utils specific documentation files in other directories are in the public domain.
- Translated messages are in the public domain.
- The build system contains public domain files, and files that are under GNU GPLv2+ or GNU GPLv3+. None of these files end up in the binaries being built.
- Test files and test code in the tests directory, and debugging utilities in the debug directory are in the public domain.
- The extra directory may contain public domain files, and files that are under various free software licenses.

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This software includes code from XZ Utils <a href="https://tukaani.org/xz/">https://tukaani.org/xz/</a>. The following license texts are included in the following files:

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- COPYING.GPLv3: GNU General Public License version 3

Note that the toolchain (compiler, linker etc.) may add some code pieces that are copyrighted. Thus, it is possible that e.g. liblzma binary wouldn't actually be in the public domain in its entirety even though it contains no copyrighted code from the XZ Utils source package.

If you have questions, don't hesitate to ask the author(s) for more information.

______

### libxm12-2.9.10

ibxml2 is the XML C parser and toolkit developed for the Gnome project (but usable outside of the Gnome platform), it is free software available under the MIT License. XML itself is a metalanguage to design markup languages, i.e. text language where semantic and structure are added to the content using extra "markup" information enclosed between angle brackets.

HTML is the most well-known markup language. Though the library is written in C a variety of language bindings make it available in other environments.

______

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### pcre-8.40

THE SOFTWARE.

The PCRE library is a set of functions that implement regular expression pattern matching using the same syntax and semantics as Perl 5. PCRE has its own native API, as well as a set of wrapper functions that correspond to the POSIX regular expression API. The PCRE library is free, even for building proprietary software. PCRE was originally written for the Exim MTA, but is now used by many high-profile open source projects, including Apache, PHP, KDE, Postfix, and Nmap. PCRE has also found its way into some well known commercial products, like Apple Safari. Some other interesting projects using PCRE include Chicken, Onyx, Hypermail, Leafnode, Askemos, Wenlin, and 8th.

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### PCRE LICENCE

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PCRE is a library of functions to support regular expressions whose syntax and semantics are as close as possible to those of the Perl 5 language. Release 8 of PCRE is distributed under the terms of the "BSD" licence, as specified below. The documentation for PCRE, supplied in the "doc" directory, is distributed under the same terms as the software itself. The data in the testdata directory is not copyrighted and is in the public domain. The basic library functions are written in C and are freestanding. Also included in the distribution is a set of C++ wrapper functions, and a just-in-time compiler that can be used to optimize pattern matching. These are both optional features that can be omitted when the library is built. THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

_____

Written by: Philip Hazel
Email local part: ph10
Email domain: cam.ac.uk
University of Cambridge Computing Service,
Cambridge, England.
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PCRE JUST-IN-TIME COMPILATION SUPPORT

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THE C++ WRAPPER FUNCTIONS

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### dhclient-3.0.5

End

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) is a protocol which allows individual devices on an IP network to get their own network configuration information (IP address, subnetmask, broadcast address, etc.) from a DHCP server. The overall purpose of DHCP is to make it easier to administer a large network.

To use DHCP on your network, install a DHCP service (or relay agent), and on clients run a DHCP client daemon. The dhclient package provides the ISC DHCP client daemon.

______

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______

### dropbear-0.50-1

Dropbear is a software package written by Matt Johnston that provides a Secure Shell-compatible server and client. It is designed as a replacement for standard OpenSSH for environments with low memory and processor resources, such as embedded systems.

Dropbear contains a number of components from different sources, hence there are a few licenses and authors involved. All licenses are fairly non-restrictive.

The majority of code is written by Matt Johnston, under the license below. Portions of the client-mode work are (c) 2004 Mihnea Stoenescu, under the same license:

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sshpty.c is taken from OpenSSH 3.5p1,

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=====

loginrec.c

loginrec.h

atomicio.h

atomicio.c

and strlcat() (included in util.c) are from OpenSSH 3.6.1p2, and are licensed under the 2 point BSD license.

loginrec is written primarily by Andre Lucas, atomicio.c by Theo de Raadt. strlcat() is (c) Todd C. Miller

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Import code in keyimport.c is modified from PuTTY's import.c, licensed as follows:

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WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.

### ethtool 5-1

ethtool is a small utility for examining and tuning your ethernet-based network interface. See the man page for more details.

______

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### glib 1.10

This is GLib version 1.2.10. GLib is a library which includes support routines for C such as lists, trees, hashes, memory allocation, and many other things.

______

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### iproute 2.6.20

This is a set of utilities for Linux networking.

______

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### iptables 1.3.8

iptables is the userspace command line program used to configure the Linux 2.4.x and later packet filtering ruleset. It is targeted towards system administrators.

-----

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Netfilter/Iptables is - like all of the Linux kernel - free software

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### libtool 1.5.22-11

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______

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### libusb 0.1.12-7

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# logrotate 3.7.5-3.1

The logrotate utility is designed to simplify the administration of log files on a system which generates a lot of log files.

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### ncurses 5.6-17

The ncurses (new curses) library is a free software emulation of curses in System V Release 4.0, and more. It uses terminfo format, supports pads and color and multiple highlights and forms characters and function-key mapping, and has all the other SYSV-curses enhancements over BSD curses.

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### net-tools 1.60-82

A collection of programs that form the base set of the NET-3 networking distribution for the Linux operating system.

This package includes the important tools for controlling the network subsystem of the Linux kernel. This includes arp, hostname, ifconfig, netstat, rarp and route. Additionally, this package contains utilities relating to particular network hardware types (plipconfig, slattach, mii-tool) and advanced aspects of IP configuration (iptunnel, ipmaddr).

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### ntp 4.2.4p2-1

The full and complete NTP Reference Implementation from the Network Time Protocol Project at Network Time Foundation.

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# xinetd 2.3.14-12

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Modifications:

Version: 2.1.8.7-current

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Sensor Addition

Version: 2.1.8.9pre14a

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### tar 1.15.1-26

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GNU `tar' saves many files together into a single tape or disk archive, and can restore individual files from the archive. It includes multivolume support, the ability to archive sparse files, automatic archive compression/decompression, remote archives and special features that allow `tar' to be used for incremental and full backups. This distribution also includes `rmt', the remote tape server. The `mt' tape drive control program is in the GNU `cpio' distribution.

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